

Instructions

This FUELSTAT® test kit is designed to detect microbiological contamination in Aviation and Diesel Fuels.

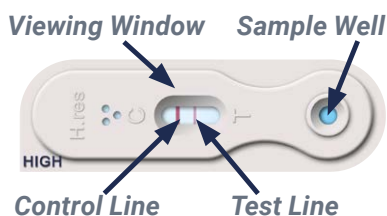
The test is based on antibody immunoassay technology that detects specific fuel degrading microorganisms in a simple, rapid test that gives results in 15 minutes on-site.

Each heat sealed foil pouch contains:

- Test Paddle: Plastic base with 6 lateral flow devices affixed
- Test Bottle: 175ml plastic bottle with flat cap and “dropper cap” containing 3.0ml of Sample Extraction Liquid
- Disposable, single use, plastic pipette
- Instruction leaflet
- Note: a FREE FUELSTAT® Result app is also available for digital verification and sharing of the test result (page 3)

The test incorporates 6 devices, measuring high and low level contamination of Hormoconis resiniae (H.res), bacteria and fungi which grow in diesel & aviation fuel and have potential to block and damage fuel systems.

Each device contains a sample well and viewing window. Results are shown by a Test Line (T), with a Control Line (C) to confirm the validity of the test for each device.



Test Bottle:



SAMPLE PREPARATION ADVICE

A microbiological test is only as good as the sample which has been taken. It is recommended that industry standards and guidance material such as ASTM D7464, ASTM D6469 are followed.

Take a sample from the lowest point of any tank or fuel delivery system. This is most likely to give the most representative result of microbiological contamination.

It is important that a clean sampling container* is used to minimise the risk of cross contamination. If using the same sampling equipment for multiple samples each item used should be cleansed prior to re-use with no less than 70% alcohol wipes (or other sterilisation method) and left to dry before reuse.

*HDPE Sampling Containers are industry standard

To perform the FUELSTAT® test you will require a minimum 200ml sample but 1 Litre may be more representative of fuel system conditions and is recommended.

IMPORTANT:

- *When possible, test the water phase of the sample taken from the fuel tank. Testing the water phase will provide more accurate results than testing the fuel phase*
- *ASTM D6469 highlights that ideally all testing should be accomplished at the testing site within a few minutes of the sample being drawn, if not possible samples for microbiological testing should be kept on ice for transportation with testing performed within 4hrs and no later than 24hrs after sampling*

IMPORTANT NOTES BEFORE TEST



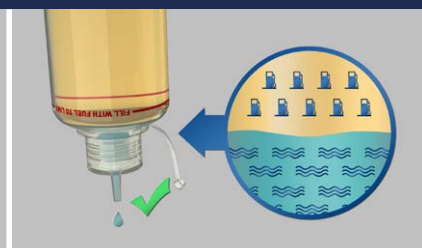
For optimum results a 1 Litre fuel sample is recommended



- FUELSTAT® can be used with:
- Water bottom only sample
 - Mixed water and fuel sample
 - Fuel only sample



All water or fuel phase samples should be extracted using a pipette or syringe from near the bottom of the sample. **Do not pour fuel from the top of the sample**



Only blue extraction fluid should be added to the test. If fuel is added to the test an incorrect result may be obtained (page 2 steps 6-8)

Please read the instructions prior to use and follow the steps carefully to ensure accuracy of your test.



Doing the Test



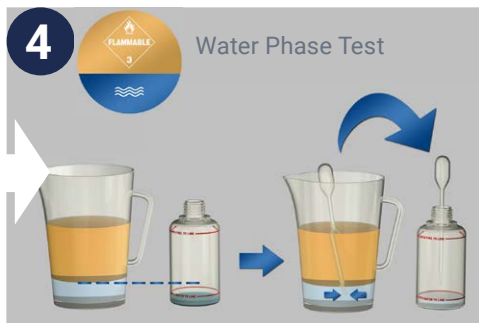
1 Clean sample equipment using 70% alcohol wipes and let dry. Have the FUELSTAT® test kit contents at hand. Wear Nitrile gloves when handling fuel.



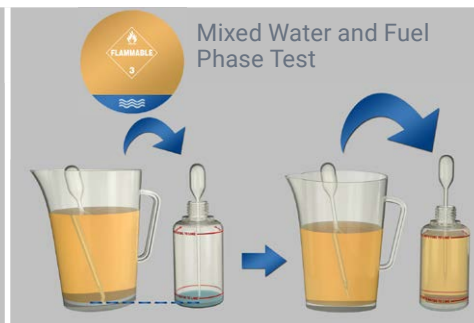
2 Take a **1 Litre sample** from the lowest point in the tank following OEM and industry guidelines (see sampling advice on page 1)



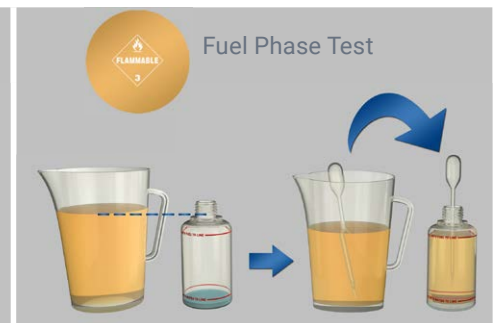
3 Agitate sample using a swirling motion and leave to **settle for 12-15 mins**. Once settled, is there any free water?



4 Water Phase Test
If enough free water in the sample, pipette water into the FUELSTAT® test bottle to the lower line, marked **'Water line'**



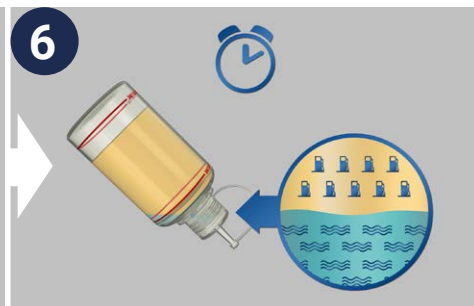
4 Mixed Water and Fuel Phase Test
If there is visible free water but not enough to reach the **'Water line'** when pipetted into the FUELSTAT® test bottle, continue pipetting fuel from near the bottom of the sample up to the top line marked **'Fuel line'**



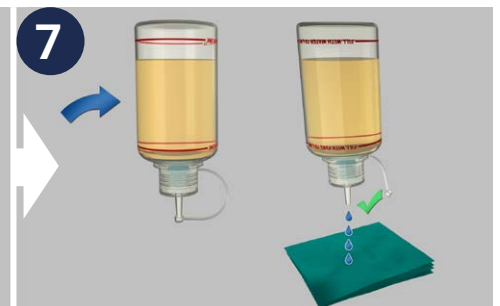
4 Fuel Phase Test
If there is no visible water in the sample, pipette fuel from near the bottom of the sample into the FUELSTAT® test bottle up to the top line marked **'Fuel line'**



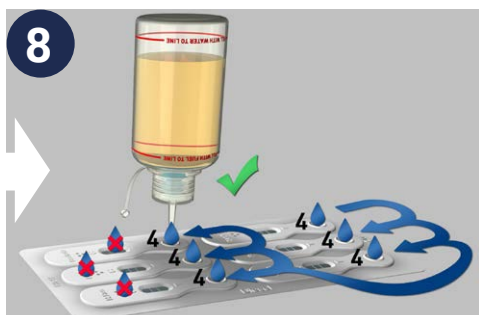
5 For all types of test, secure dropper cap and **shake sample vigorously for 5 seconds**



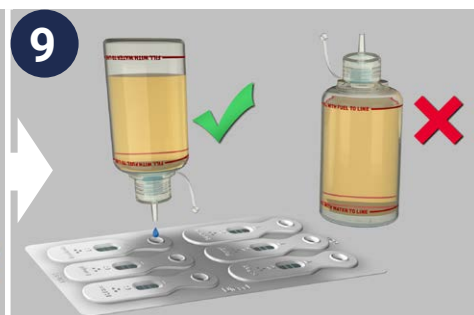
6 Invert test bottle 45° and allow the blue fluid to settle out in the shoulder of the bottle. NOTE: for a water phase only test the blue fluid will not separate out



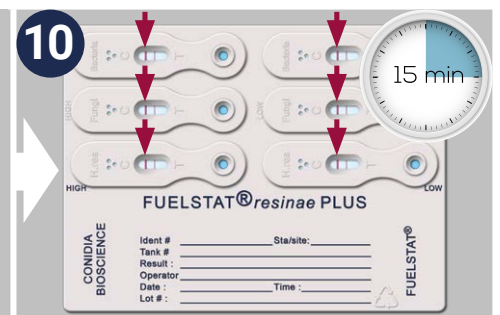
7 Fully invert the bottle and allow 4 drops to spill onto a tissue to clear the dropper nozzle of any trapped fuel deposits, **DO NOT TURN THE BOTTLE UPRIGHT**



8 Carefully allow **4 drops of blue fluid to fall into each of the 6 circular wells** on the test paddle ensuring that no sample is spilled into the viewing window



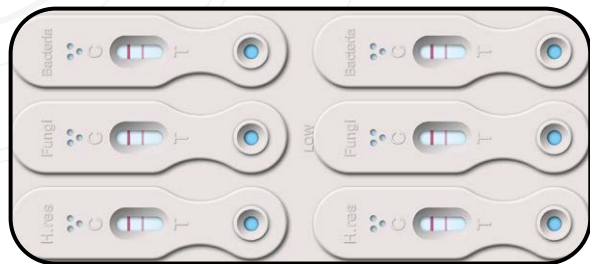
9 Keep the bottle inverted in case any additional drops may be required. If the bottle has been turned upright at any stage of this process it is important to return to step 5



10 Leave the FUELSTAT® test paddle on a flat surface for **10-15 minutes**. A dark red line 'Control line' should appear on the left-hand side of each of the 6 viewing windows. This indicates that the test has worked correctly

Reading the Results

11 If all 6 'Control lines' are visible the test result is now ready to be interpreted. **Read results within 15-30 minutes** after placing sample fluid into sample wells. How to manually interpret the test is shown below:

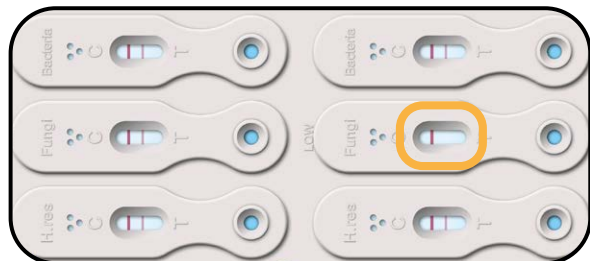


Negligible Result

NEGLEGIBLE CONTAMINATION

If all 6 Control lines and all 6 Test lines are visible, this is a Negligible result, no action required.

This means that there is either no contamination or, if there is contamination, it is at such a low level that it requires no action.

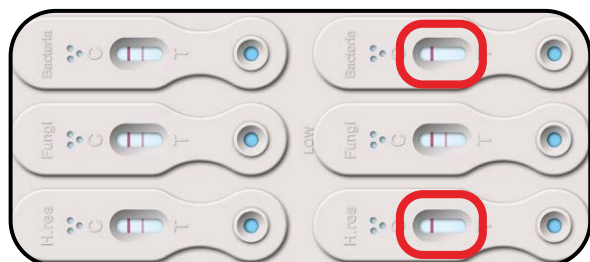


Low Positive Result

MODERATE CONTAMINATION

If 1 Test Line is missing, here the Test Line in the Fungi field is not visible, this is a Low Positive result.

This means that there is contamination present and action should be taken - refer to OEM manuals and industry guidance



High Positive Result

HEAVY CONTAMINATION

If 2 or more Low Test Lines (on the right side of the test paddle) or any High Test Lines (on the left side of the test paddle) are not visible, this is a High Positive result.

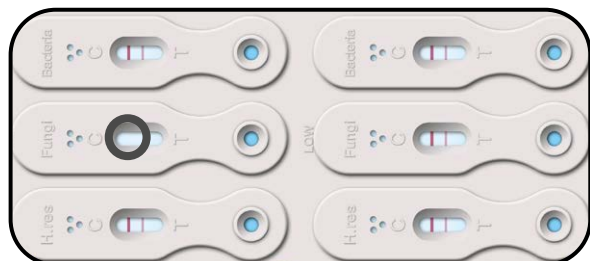
This means that there is higher levels of contamination present and urgent action should be taken - refer to OEM manuals and industry guidance



Test Not Valid

If there is no Control Line visible on any of the 6 devices, then the test is invalid and must be run again using a new test kit.

Retest even if there are lines opposite the 'T' (Test Line).



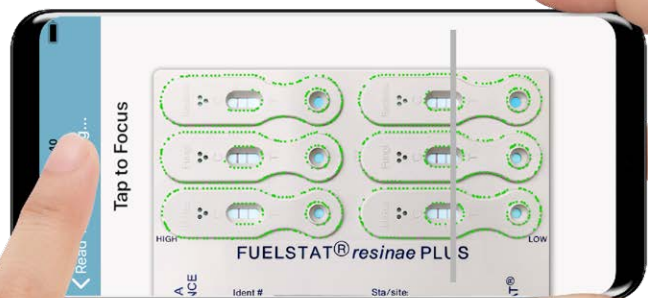
FUELSTAT® RESULT APP FOR DIGITAL RESULT VERIFICATION

FUELSTAT® Plus comes with a **FREE** App that verifies the result instantly after the test has been completed. It is available on iOS and Android.

To download and verify your test now then scan the QR code or visit the Google Play or Apple App Store:

Login with the following credentials:

- Username: **user.mobile@conidia.com**
- Password: **fuelstat** (all lower case)



STORAGE, STABILITY AND RECYCLING

Storage conditions:

Store at 10°C to 30°C. To avoid deterioration at higher ambient temperatures kits may be stored in a refrigerator short term but should be brought up to room temp before use. Do not use after the stated expiry date. Long term freezing is not recommended

Suitable packaging:

Must only be kept in original packaging

Transport class:

This product does not require a classification for transport

Recycling:

The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of regional or national regulations regarding disposal of fuel sample and recycling ability of kit components, most kit components can be re-cycled

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

Caution should be exercised in the handling of fuel or other hazardous materials in accordance with Health and Safety procedures

- Each test paddle is disposable. Use only once
- The test paddle in the foil pack should be kept sealed until ready for use. Once the foil pack is opened the shelf life of the device is not guaranteed. It should be used as soon as possible
- The viewing window of the test device should not be touched
- The test paddle should be kept dry at all times. **DO NOT USE if any of the devices become wet**
- If the test paddle appears damaged, scratched or marked in any way please contact Conidia Bioscience

NOTE: It is best to read results within 15-30 minutes after placing sample fluid into sample wells. Lateral flow devices, as used by FUELSTAT®, are sensitive to light as well as interactions with other liquids. In order to preserve the read-state of a test, the test paddle should be protected from any light and other contaminants, preferably in its original foil packaging. As time passes, the higher the risk grows in regard to a strip changing appearance

MATERIAL DATA

For complete MSDS documents please visit: www.conidia.com

FUELSTAT® Test Paddles:

Each strip is composed of nitrocellulose membrane, backing card, sample pad, conjugate pad and absorbent pad. The membrane, conjugate pad and sample pad contain dried chemicals and biological material preserved by sodium azide

Extraction Buffer Fluid:

Chemical composition: A mixture of non-harmful salts in water coloured by a harmless food dye. Preserved using ProClin 950 used at 0.06% which is classified as non-harmful at these concentrations. The active ingredient of ProClin 950 is 2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one (MIT) (CAS-No: 2682-20-4) at 9.5-9.9% solution

Hazardous components: No component is present at sufficient concentration to require a hazardous classification

Product Import Codes:

- Commodity Code: 38220000
- HTS CODE: 9031.80.8085

TROUBLESHOOTING

Problem	Cause/Remedy
No drops from bottle	Particulate material in sample may be blocking the dropper nozzle. Shake bottle again, allow to settle and then gently squeeze the bottle until drops appear
No blue dye flow	Add an additional drop, one at a time, until flow is achieved
No control line visible	Too much sample added or fuel flooded device and test flooded. Repeat with new test paddle. Flow components exposed to wet or damp. Repeat test using new test paddle
Faint red test lines	Low level of contaminant present or uneven flow of sample. This may be due to insufficient sample added or sample not mixed vigorously enough. If Test Line is very faint, appears to be a shadow and is only visible at close range, then it should be considered to be a Positive result
Control and test lines are blue in colour	Extraction liquid not mixed with Fuel/Water sample properly or Fuel/Water added to sample well. Repeat test using a new test paddle
Damaged devices or bottles	Contact Conidia Bioscience. Please quote batch number for reference
Lines appear before sample added	Test device made wet. Repeat test with new test paddle

PRODUCT SUPPORT

Comprehensive support information and video instructions are available on the website: www.conidia.com

If you have any additional technical queries regarding your FUELSTAT® test please contact: info@conidia.com

RESULT LIMIT INDUSTRY GUIDELINES

Phase	Target antigen limits	Alert level
Fuel	Up to 150 µg/L	NEGLIGIBLE
Water	Up to 33 µg/ml	
Fuel	Between 150-750 µg/L	MODERATE
Water	Between 33-166 µg/ml	
Fuel	Greater than 750 µg/L	HEAVY
Water	Greater than 166 µg/ml	

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